

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **Patent and Trademark Office**

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/048,795	03/27/98	ICHIZAKI		Т	35.G2127
- 005514	05514 IM22/0111				EXAMINER
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK NY 10112				ANDERS	ON, M
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MEM TOTAL INT	10112			1765	17
				DATE MAILED	: 01/11/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/048,795 Applicant(s)

lchizaki

Examiner

Matthew Anderson

Group Art Unit

1765



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11/14/00	·		
☐ This action is FINAL .			
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for form in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.			
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expi is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to res application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).	pond within the period for response will cause the		
Disposition of Claims			
	is/are pending in the application.		
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
Claim(s)			
☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
☐ Claims			
Application Papers See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review The drawing(s) filed on	by the Examiner. is approved disapproved. 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d). priority documents have been ational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
Attachment(s)			
✓ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s).			
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413			
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948			
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152			

--- SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES ---

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DETAILED ACTION

Examiner's Note

The applicant is reminded that use claims do not impart patentability to apparatus. Please refer to MPEP 2111.02 and MPEP 2173.05(q). Please see the above MPEP sections for germane case law citations.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 27-34, 36-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tokuhara in view of Cheredov [Inorganic Materials, Vol. 28, No. 3 1992 (Russian)] and Wanetzky (US 4,818,282):

Tokuhara describes an apparatus used for producing optical fibers by using crucibles. The crucible is divided into multi-stages, each of which has an overflow passage on the sidewall (See

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Fig. 2.) Such an arrangement of crucibles reads on the claims of the applicant of a production apparatus having a crucible divided in multi-stages wherein a degassing hole is provided in a side wall portion of the crucible.

Tokuhara et al. does not disclose an apparatus wherein the crucibles (i.e. stages) are arranged such that the lower portion of a first stage of said plurality of stages is positioned to cover an upper edge of a wall portion of a second stage of said plurality of stages.

Cheredov in Fig I shows the sequential location of the crystallization front of a Calcium Fluoride crystal being refined in the multistage crucible shown. Also seen is a hole in the center bottom of each crucible stage. Also disclosed is the use of oxygen for assisting the purification of the CaF being refined. This suggests gas flow as important to a successful crucible apparatus.

Wanetzky et al. discloses staked crucibles (22) which have capillary gaps (28) for gas flow at the walls (24) thereof in the only Fig. Also clearly shown is a central concentric opening (26) in the crucibles.

It would have been obvious to modify the apparatus of Tokuhara, Cheredov, and Wanetzky to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention because all inventions disclose multi-staged crucible apparatus and such a combination would have been anticipated to produce useful modifications to such apparatus.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention that such a crucible apparatus would provide means for a sequential manner of use

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because such a use is disclosed by Cheredov and because such a use would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

It would have been obvious to duplicate the part of degassing holes (see MPEP 2144.04 VI.B) because Tokuhara discloses a hole in the side wall of the crucibles and duplication of such holes would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to include a connecting hole in the bottom center portion of the crucibles because such an arrangement is shown by Cheredov et al. and Wanetzky et al. and because such an arrangement would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to modify the size of the degassing hole and the inner diameter of the crucible (see MPEP 2144.04 IV.A), and the shape of the bottom face of the crucible (MPEP 2144.04 IV.B, because Tokuhara et al. discloses degassing holes in the sidewall of a crucible, Cheredov et al. and Wazetzky et al. discloses multistage crucibles with a hole at the center, and because such modification would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention that the crucibles of Tokuhara have a region for mounting a material (e.g. another crucible) because the crucible are described as stacking one on the other in the abstract and because providing such a mounting region on a crucible would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

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Additionally, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to use crucibles in a stacked manner wherein the first stage of a plurality of stages is positioned to cover an upper edge of a wall portion of a second stage because Cheredov et al. and Wanetzky et al. both describe such crucibles and such crucibles would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention that a region, obtained by superimposing a plurality of crucibles, would receive a material because Tokuhara discloses such a region in Fig. 2 and such a region would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to have as the bottom stage a crucible without a connecting hole because if used with a refining method such as Cheredov's, such a stage would prevent loss of the refined molten material out onto the floor which would result in possible worker injuries and material losses and because such a bottom crucible would have been anticipated to produce an expected result.

Conclusion

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matt Anderson whose telephone number is (703) 308-0086. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are not successful, the examiner's supervisor, Benjamin Utech, can be reached at (703) 308-3836.

Any inquiry of a general nature can be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

MAA

January 10, 2001

BENJAMIN L. UTECH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700